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Southeast region having a P3 toll road moment

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Fresh legislation in Tennessee, major projects in Georgia and a long-awaited bridge replacement in Louisiana are pushing the Southeast region to the forefront of national public-private partnership activity in the toll road sector.

"The Southeast is where the action is when it comes to P3s," said Baruch Feigenbaum, senior managing director of transportation policy at Reason Foundation.

Many of the projects, some years in the making, are advancing due to P3-friendly administrations offering the kind of support needed for politically unpopular actions like new tolls.



Tennessee Gov. Bill Lee successfully pushed through a bill authorizing public-private partnerships for his \$3.3 billion transportation plan. Gov. Bill Lee's office

States like Louisiana and Tennessee, which have never relied on tolls, are now turning to the fees amid dwindling gas tax revenue and growing congestion.

"As transportation funding needs to be diversified, places that historically have not participated in user fee toll roads are now participating," said Moody's Investors Service analyst John Medina.

In the Southeast, where many states are enjoying brisk population growth, administrations are promoting toll road concessions as a way to manage traffic congestion that in some areas has earned a spot on the American Transportation Research Institute's top 20 worst traffic bottlenecks.

"First and foremost you've got to have political leadership," said Rick Cosgrove, a partner at Chapman & Cutler, speaking Tuesday during an "Innovations in Infrastructure" conference hosted by the University of Chicago Harris School of Public Policy and the Bond Dealers of America.

"It's building that wide support to understand how this is better over the long term."

Georgia has multiple toll-based P3s on tap in the Atlanta area, while Tennessee is the latest state to authorize P3s for tolls and Virginia remains a leader with its vast network of managed lanes.

Early frontrunner Texas has in recent years tapped the brakes on transportation P3s amid political pushback. After former Texas Gov. Rick Perry enacted broad P3 legislation that launched a building spree of toll roads, the Lone Star State under Gov. Greg Abbott has put a moratorium on any new toll roads.

"In the Southeast now, you've got more moderate Democrats and Republicans, who are focused on businesses interests, growth, and transportation," Feigenbaum said, noting that Texas elected officials tend to be more conservative Republicans opposed to tolling.

"It's a certain type of leader more in the moderate vein who tends to get these projects pushed through," he said.

Widely considered the national leader in the transportation P3 space, Virginia has enjoyed strong bipartisan support for P3s that has survived several administrations. The state now has 13 P3s either completed or underway, the most in the country.



Georgia Gov. Brian Kemp's administration is ushering through some of the largest toll-road projects in the nation. **Bloomberg News**

Under Republican Gov. Bill Lee, Tennessee is the latest state to enact P3 authority for transportation projects after the state Legislature <u>approved a bill</u> <u>earlier this year</u>. Lee pushed the Transportation Modernization Act to generate new revenue through what he dubs "choice lanes" — critics call them Lexus Lanes, transportation planners call them <u>managed lanes</u> — where drivers can opt to pay for tolls. The new law allows for full design-build-finance-operatemaintain long-term managed lane concessions.

"As families and businesses move to Tennessee in record numbers, we need a transportation plan to keep up with the pace," Lee said in a statement when he signed the bill. "Our strategy will meet our transportation needs across rural and urban communities, without new taxes or debt."

Preliminary proposals call for managed lanes to be built in the state's fastestgrowing urban areas, including Nashville, Memphis, Knoxville, and Chattanooga. Under Georgia GOP Gov. Brian Kemp, the state has launched what are some of the largest toll-road P3s in the nation.

The <u>SR-400 Express Lanes project</u>, which will cost up to \$2.4 billion, features 16 miles of four new tolled lanes in the Atlanta area. The state tapped the brakes on the project in 2021 after failing to attract any bids within budget.

In 2022, Georgia dropped the availability-payment structure and designed the deal as a revenue-risk design-build-finance-operate-maintain with a 50-year concession. Last September, the state's transportation department <u>shortlisted</u> three teams.

Georgia is also using a P3 to reconstruct the Atlanta Beltway I-285 in four separate stages, a \$6 billion project.

In Louisiana, <u>the state is advancing what would be its second P3</u>, and its most expensive and complicated to date: a \$1.5 billion replacement and expansion of the aging Calcasieu River I-10 bridge and renovation of the adjacent nine-mile Interstate 10 corridor in the southwest part of the state. The project, structured as a DBFOM concession, will use tolls to help fund the replacement of the nearly 70-year old I-10 bridge, which has been deemed structurally deficient.

The state's two P3s were procured under former Louisiana's Department of Transportation and Development director and <u>now gubernatorial candidate</u> <u>Shawn Wilson</u>, a vocal proponent of alternative delivery contracts <u>who has</u> <u>said</u> toll revenue is needed amid a diminished gas tax and a \$14 billion infrastructure backlog.

"It needs to be replaced, it's 20 years past its life, but the question of tolls is subject to a lot of debate in the Southeast," Medina said. "You don't see tolling in some areas of the South because of the idea that you shouldn't toll something that was once free," he said, noting that the state Legislature approved the measure after much debate.

Louisiana released a request for proposals for the project in March, and expects to name a winning bidder by the end of the year.

Louisiana is also planning to replace a bridge across the Mississippi River in Baton Rouge, an estimated \$1 billion project, but it's unknown whether this will be structured as a P3.

In Alabama, a \$2.7 billion Mobile River Bridge and Beltway replacement project was <u>killed</u> in 2019 due to opposition to high tolls, and later repackaged with a toll cap and an opt-out option. The state lost out on a \$500 million federal "Mega

Grant" request in January but <u>was one of 13 projects nationally</u> to win technical assistance from the Build America Bureau to support bids to win federal financial support in the future.

Partnering with private entities for transportation projects transfers some risk to private partners, but the revenue raisers can be difficult to sell.

"It comes down to three things: privatization, taxes or tolls," said Kyle Mangini, the global head of infrastructure at IFM Investors, which owns the Indiana Toll Road.

"And no one likes those three things. All three are politically difficult and easy to take shots at," Mangini said. "But the outcome can be so much better."